IN THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

Docket No. 46869

STATE OF IDAHO,)
) Filed: January 8, 2020
Plaintiff-Respondent,)
) Karel A. Lehrman, Clerk
v.)
) THIS IS AN UNPUBLISHED
MAC WILLIAM HENDERSON,) OPINION AND SHALL NOT
) BE CITED AS AUTHORITY
Defendant-Appellant.	,)
)

Appeal from the District Court of the Third Judicial District, State of Idaho, Canyon County. Hon. Christopher S. Nye, District Judge.

Judgment of conviction and concurrent unified sentence of twenty-five years, with a minimum period of confinement of fifteen years, for two counts of lewd conduct with a minor under sixteen years of age, <u>affirmed</u>.

Eric D. Fredericksen, State Appellate Public Defender; Maya P. Waldron, Deputy Appellate Public Defender, Boise, for appellant.

Hon. Lawrence G. Wasden, Attorney General; Mark W. Olson, Deputy Attorney General, Boise, for respondent.

Before HUSKEY, Chief Judge; GRATTON, Judge; and LORELLO, Judge

PER CURIAM

Mac William Henderson pled guilty to two counts of lewd conduct with a minor under sixteen years of age. Idaho Code § 18-1508. The district court sentenced Henderson to two concurrent unified terms of twenty-five years with fifteen years determinate. Henderson appeals asserting that the district court abused its discretion by imposing an excessive sentence.

Sentencing is a matter for the trial court's discretion. Both our standard of review and the factors to be considered in evaluating the reasonableness of the sentence are well established and need not be repeated here. *See State v. Hernandez*, 121 Idaho 114, 117-18, 822 P.2d 1011, 1014-

15 (Ct. App. 1991); *State v. Lopez*, 106 Idaho 447, 449-51, 680 P.2d 869, 871-73 (Ct. App. 1984); *State v. Toohill*, 103 Idaho 565, 568, 650 P.2d 707, 710 (Ct. App. 1982). When reviewing the length of a sentence, we consider the defendant's entire sentence. *State v. Oliver*, 144 Idaho 722, 726, 170 P.3d 387, 391 (2007). Applying these standards, and having reviewed the record in this case, we cannot say that the district court abused its discretion.

Therefore, Henderson's judgment of conviction and sentence are affirmed.