IN THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

Docket No. 46629

STATE OF IDAHO,)
Plaintiff-Respondent,) Filed: September 5, 2019) Warel A. Lahrman, Clark
¥7) Karel A. Lehrman, Clerk
v.) THIS IS AN UNPUBLISHED
JENNIFER A. MILLER,) OPINION AND SHALL NOT
Defendant-Appellant.) BE CITED AS AUTHORITY
Desenuant-Appenant.)

Appeal from the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District, State of Idaho, Ada County. Hon. Samuel Hoagland, District Judge.

Judgment of conviction and consecutive unified sentences of ten years, with minimum periods of confinement of two and one-half years, for two counts of felony injury to children, <u>affirmed</u>.

Eric D. Fredericksen, State Appellate Public Defender; Justin M. Curtis, Deputy Appellate Public Defender, Boise, for appellant.

Hon. Lawrence G. Wasden, Attorney General; Lori A. Fleming, Deputy Attorney General, Boise, for respondent.

Before HUSKEY, Judge; LORELLO, Judge; and BRAILSFORD, Judge

PER CURIAM

Jennifer A. Miller pled guilty to two counts of felony injury to children. I.C. § 18-1501(1). In exchange for her guilty pleas, additional charges were dismissed. The district court sentenced Miller to consecutive unified terms of ten years, with minimum periods of confinement of two and one-half years. Miller appeals, arguing that her sentences are excessive.

Sentencing is a matter for the trial court's discretion. Both our standard of review and the factors to be considered in evaluating the reasonableness of the sentence are well established and

need not be repeated here. *See State v. Hernandez*, 121 Idaho 114, 117-18, 822 P.2d 1011, 1014-15 (Ct. App. 1991); *State v. Lopez*, 106 Idaho 447, 449-51, 680 P.2d 869, 871-73 (Ct. App. 1984); *State v. Toohill*, 103 Idaho 565, 568, 650 P.2d 707, 710 (Ct. App. 1982). When reviewing the length of a sentence, we consider the defendant's entire sentence. *State v. Oliver*, 144 Idaho 722, 726, 170 P.3d 387, 391 (2007). Applying these standards, and having reviewed the record in this case, we cannot say that the district court abused its discretion.

Therefore, Miller's judgment of conviction and sentences are affirmed.