## IN THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

## **Docket No. 46168**

STATE OF IDAHO,	)
Plaintiff-Respondent,	) Filed: May 17, 2019
v. TIFFANEY D. CAMPBELL,	<ul> <li>) Karel A. Lehrman, Clerk</li> <li>) THIS IS AN UNPUBLISHED</li> <li>) OPINION AND SHALL NOT</li> </ul>
Defendant-Appellant.	) BE CITED AS AUTHORITY ) _)
Appeal from the District Court of Minidoka County. Hon. Jonathan P. 1	the Fifth Judicial District, State of Idaho, Brody, District Judge.
Order revoking probation, affirmed.	
Eric D. Fredericksen, State Appellate Appellate Public Defender, Boise, for	e Public Defender; Justin M. Curtis, Deputy appellant.

Hon. Lawrence G. Wasden, Attorney General; Kenneth K. Jorgensen, Deputy Attorney General, Boise, for respondent.

Before HUSKEY Judge; LORELLO, Judge;

and BRAILSFORD, Judge

## PER CURIAM

Tiffaney D. Campbell pled guilty to sexual abuse of a child under the age of sixteen. I.C. § 18-1506. The district court sentenced Campbell to a unified five-year sentence, with two years determinate, but after a period of retained jurisdiction, suspended the sentence and placed Campbell on probation. Subsequently, Campbell admitted to violating the terms of the probation, and the district court revoked probation and ordered execution of the original sentence. Campbell appeals, contending that the district court abused its discretion in revoking probation.

It is within the trial court's discretion to revoke probation if any of the terms and conditions of the probation have been violated. I.C. §§ 19-2603, 20-222; *State v. Beckett*, 122

Idaho 324, 325, 834 P.2d 326, 327 (Ct. App. 1992); State v. Adams, 115 Idaho 1053, 1054, 772 P.2d 260, 261 (Ct. App. 1989); State v. Hass, 114 Idaho 554, 558, 758 P.2d 713, 717 (Ct. App. 1988). In determining whether to revoke probation a court must examine whether the probation is achieving the goal of rehabilitation and consistent with the protection of society. State v. Upton, 127 Idaho 274, 275, 899 P.2d 984, 985 (Ct. App. 1995); Beckett, 122 Idaho at 325, 834 P.2d at 327; Hass, 114 Idaho at 558, 758 P.2d at 717. The court may, after a probation violation has been established, order that the suspended sentence be executed or, in the alternative, the court is authorized under I.C.R. 35 to reduce the sentence. Beckett, 122 Idaho at 325, 834 P.2d at 327; State v. Marks, 116 Idaho 976, 977, 783 P.2d 315, 316 (Ct. App. 1989). The court may also order a period of retained jurisdiction. I.C. § 19-2601. A decision to revoke probation will be disturbed on appeal only upon a showing that the trial court abused its discretion. Beckett, 122 Idaho at 325, 834 P.2d at 327. In reviewing the propriety of a probation revocation, the focus of the inquiry is the conduct underlying the trial court's decision to revoke probation. State v. Morgan, 153 Idaho 618, 621, 288 P.3d 835, 838 (Ct. App. 2012). Thus, this Court will consider the elements of the record before the trial court relevant to the revocation of probation issues which are properly made part of the record on appeal. *Id*.

Applying the foregoing standards, and having reviewed the record in this case, we cannot say that the district court abused its discretion in revoking probation. Therefore, the order revoking probation and directing execution of Campbell's previously suspended sentence is affirmed.