IN THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

Docket No. 44506

STATE OF IDAHO,) 2017 Unpublished Opinion No. 558	
Plaintiff-Respondent,) Filed: August 28, 2017	
v.) Karel A. Lehrman, Clerk	
SEAN PAUL DULAC,) THIS IS AN UNPUBLISHED) OPINION AND SHALL NOT	
Defendant-Appellant.) BE CITED AS AUTHORITY	

Appeal from the District Court of the Seventh Judicial District, State of Idaho, Bonneville County. Hon. Bruce L. Pickett, District Judge.

Judgment of conviction and unified sentence of twenty years with a minimum period of confinement of four years, for sexual battery of a minor child sixteen or seventeen years of age, <u>affirmed</u>.

Eric D. Fredericksen, State Appellate Public Defender; Justin M. Curtis, Deputy Appellate Public Defender, Boise, for appellant.

Hon. Lawrence G. Wasden, Attorney General; Lori A. Fleming, Deputy Attorney General, Boise, for respondent.

Before GRATTON, Chief Judge; GUTIERREZ, Judge; and HUSKEY, Judge

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PER CURIAM

Sean Paul Dulac pled guilty to sexual battery of a minor child sixteen or seventeen years of age. Idaho Code § 18-1508A(1)(c). The district court sentenced Dulac to a unified term of twenty years with four years determinate. Dulac appeals asserting that the district court abused its discretion by imposing an excessive sentence.

Sentencing is a matter for the trial court's discretion. Both our standard of review and the factors to be considered in evaluating the reasonableness of the sentence are well established and need not be repeated here. *See State v. Hernandez*, 121 Idaho 114, 117-18, 822 P.2d 1011, 1014-

15 (Ct. App. 1991); *State v. Lopez*, 106 Idaho 447, 449-51, 680 P.2d 869, 871-73 (Ct. App. 1984); *State v. Toohill*, 103 Idaho 565, 568, 650 P.2d 707, 710 (Ct. App. 1982). When reviewing the length of a sentence, we consider the defendant's entire sentence. *State v. Oliver*, 144 Idaho 722, 726, 170 P.3d 387, 391 (2007). Applying these standards, and having reviewed the record in this case, we cannot say that the district court abused its discretion.

Therefore, Dulac's judgment of conviction and sentence are affirmed.